

Problem 1

If $\mathbf{a} = \langle 6, 0, -2 \rangle$, find a vector \mathbf{b} such that $\text{comp}_{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{b} = 3$

$$\text{Let } \mathbf{b} = \langle x, y, z \rangle$$

$$\text{comp}_{\mathbf{a}} \mathbf{b} = \frac{\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}}{|\mathbf{a}|} = \frac{6x - 2z}{\sqrt{36 + 0 + 4}} = \frac{6x - 2z}{\sqrt{40}} = 3$$

$$\text{So } 6x - 2z = 3\sqrt{40}$$

now pick a # for z let $z = 0$

$$\text{Then } x = \frac{3\sqrt{40}}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{40}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{10}}{2} = \sqrt{10}$$

Since y is not part of this equation then we can let y be any # so let $y = 5$

$$\text{Thus } \mathbf{b} = \langle \sqrt{10}, 5, 0 \rangle$$

Problem 2

Find a vector of length 5 that has the following directional angles: $\alpha = \frac{\pi}{3}$, $\beta = \frac{\pi}{6}$,
and $\gamma = \frac{\pi}{2}$,

$$\text{Let } \mathbf{a} = \langle x, y, z \rangle \text{ and } |\mathbf{a}| = 5$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{x}{|\mathbf{a}|} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{x}{5} \Rightarrow x = 5 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \\ x = 5 \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{y}{|\mathbf{a}|} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{y}{5} \Rightarrow y = 5 \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\ y = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{z}{|\mathbf{a}|} \Rightarrow \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{z}{5} \Rightarrow 0 = z$$

$$\mathbf{a} = \left\langle \frac{5}{2}, \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}, 0 \right\rangle$$