



Problems:

- Given $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 + 3$.
 - Find the intervals on which f is increasing or decreasing.
 - Find the local max and local min values of f .
 - Find the intervals of concavity and the inflection points.
- Given $f(x) = x^2 \ln(x)$.
 - Find the intervals on which f is increasing or decreasing.
 - Find the local max and local min values of f .
 - Find the intervals of concavity and the inflection points.
- Sketch the graph of $f(x)$ that satisfies all of the following conditions.
 - $f'(0) = f'(2) = f'(4) = 0$.
 - $f'(x) > 0$ if $x < 0$ or $2 < x < 4$, and $f'(x) < 0$ if $0 < x < 2$ or $x > 4$.
 - $f''(x) > 0$ if $1 < x < 3$, and $f''(x) < 0$ if $x < 1$ or $x > 3$.
- Sketch the graph of $f(x)$ that satisfies all of the following conditions.
 - $f'(5) = 0$
 - $f'(x) < 0$ when $x < 5$ and $f'(x) > 0$ when $x > 5$.
 - $f''(2) = f''(8) = 0$
 - $f''(x) < 0$ when $x < 2$ or $x > 8$, and $f''(x) > 0$ when $2 < x < 8$.
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 3$.
- Given $f(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}$.
 - Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes.
 - Find the intervals on which f is increasing or decreasing.
 - Find the local max and local min values of f .
 - Find the intervals of concavity and the inflection points.
 - Use the previous information to sketch the graph of f .
- Compute the following limits.
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\arccos(x) - \frac{\pi}{2}}{3x}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{e^{3x-3} + x^3 - 2}{5 \ln(x) + 4x - 4}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 e^{-x^3}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right)$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^3 \ln(x)$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{e^x - 1}\right)$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2}{2x+1} - \frac{x^2}{x+3}\right)$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (3x + 1)^{\csc(x)}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 + x + x^2)^{\frac{1}{\ln(x)}}$
 - $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3}{x}\right)^{5x}$